



Delegation Name: Belgium

Ambassador Name: Nusret Efe Üçer



Honorable Chairs and Most Distinguished Delegates,

As the ambassador of the delegation of Belgium, I am glad and proud to state that Belgium is eager to resolve the matters in hand that with many distinguished delegates we hope to discuss and rectify. To be more specific, all three of the issues that will be discussed in Disarmament and International Security Committee, which are “Asserting the potential risk of the weaponization of Artificial Intelligence”, “Reshaping international guidelines on unconstrained military expenditure” and “Regulating Small and Light Weapons (SALW) trade and ownership in the Southern Asian Region”.

To commence on the first issue, we take a rather worried stance recognizing the rapid growth and development of technology and AI's. As technology spreads and grasps our lives' firmer, private information and general data are collected and traded. This mass commerce and spread of information grants opportunities for them to be exploited. Even though we are keen on developments in technology, we can not ignore the mass invasion of privacy and weaponization of private information it may bring with it. Grand exploitation of the thriving technology advancements would likely result in a global scale crisis, divulging both personal and government information. This crisis may even lead to major conflicts between leading Member States which we're certain that none desire. Carrying on with the second issue, we also take a stance against unconstrained military expenditure. Even though the number of ongoing conflicts and new ones are too minuscule to compare to the previous century, they certainly exist and new conflicts do arise. Unconstrained military expenditure goes against the sole purpose of this committee and gives rise to armament races between nations. These armament races let alone giving rise and supplying resources to start many conflicts, also force nations that do not wish to expend such funds or budget to do exactly that, under the risk of finding themselves on the other side of an arisen conflict. If not contained or limited, military expenditure may tamper with the development of many nations, even vitiating it. That may even result in a global financial crisis which may lengthen its lifespan as nations decline to constrain their military expenditures.

Lastly emphasizing the third issue, we would like to once again take a stance in favor of regulating SALW trade and ownership in the Southern Asian region. Southern Asia is already an unstable region due to past and present issues between nations related to decolonization and land disputes and rejecting to



regulate SALW trade and ownership may most likely result in further destabilizing and increasing the tension in the region. Similar to the previous issue these may result in major conflicts and economical obstructions. If regulations are not implemented due to poor governance, the issue will not be resolved so we would encourage and strive to prevent any factors that may tamper with the implementation of mentioned regulations.

Overall our stances on the abovementioned issues are certain. We aim to honor the purpose of the committee and aspire to achieve a more financially and overall stable, peaceful world. To help us achieve or achieve these goals with us we seek assistance and support from the other Member States. Belgium aims to resolve issues united and successfully.